

THIS IS MY BODY

Chapter Two Answers

The answers below are also available at: <https://www.stmparadise.net/adult-faith-formation-1>

The Eucharist as Sacrifice

1. **Can there be communion without sacrifice?** p. 36 No
2. **What are the fundamental features of sin?** p.38 Violence, arrogance (pride), division, blaming, deception, lust for power (pride), and murder
3. **What is the main way God chose to form his people?** p. 39 Teach them to walk in his ways to become a light to all nations
4. **What must be involved in seeking friendship with God?** p. 39 Sacrifice, abandonment of self (rejecting pride)
5. **How is a covenant sealed?** p.41 With a sacrifice. Destruction of grain or animal signifies the offering of self (giving up a most treasured possession constitutes self-sacrifice)
6. **What is the difference between a contract and a covenant?** pp. 41-42 What is mine (contract) vs Who is mine (covenant) sealed by a sacrifice
7. **How did Abraham solve the problem created by Adam and Eve?** pp. 43-44 With the sacrifice of Isaac, replacing self-assertion to the point of self-destruction with a most radical self-surrender to God
8. **What did Moses sacrifice for the covenant?** p. 45 Returning to Egypt at great personal risk. Through his own blood, sweat and obedience he led the Israelites to liberty and right worship
9. **How did the Israelites seal a covenant?** p.45 With the blood sacrifice of a lamb, obeying the ten commandments as a sacrifice of self, sealed by the blood of the oxen on the altar
10. **How did God participate in the covenant?** .p.46 By the splashing of blood on his people pledging his fidelity (lifeblood) to them
11. **How was the final covenant of David ratified?** p.47 Through the slaughter of beasts and the smoke of the holocaust
12. **How did the high priest demonstrate the covenant between the Jewish people and God, and between God and the Jewish people?** p. 48 The high priest slaughtered a goat, sprinkled its blood around the holy place and on the people
13. **What kind of covenant did God desire to replace the covenant sealed by blood?** p. 49 He desired the removal of their doings, ceasing to do evil and learning to do good
14. **How does God propose to deal with Israel's refusal to turn away from sin?** pp. 50-51 A suffering servant will offer himself for the sins of many

Jesus the Lamb of God

15. **How did Jesus solve the problem of Israel's sin and unfaithfulness?** pp. 52-53 He is God taking on human flesh as a Jew himself becoming both sacrifice (lamb of God) and communion
16. **How did he show this at his baptism?** p. 55 He took on the sins of everyone
17. **In what other scriptures (3-5) is Jesus the sacrificial lamb?** p. 55-59
- 1) 40 days of fasting (Matt 4:3) p.55
 - 2) Jesus deals with the crowds p. 56
 - 3) The woman at the well (John 4:6) p. 56
 - 4) Riding on a donkey p.57
 - 5) Dying on the cross pp. 58-59

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18. **Where in scripture is the sacrificial significance of Jesus' passion and death made clear?** p. 60 "This is my blood of the covenant...poured out (Matt 26:27-28)
19. **Which covenants come to mind at the Last Supper?** p. 61. Abraham (Isaac); Moses
20. **How does the Mass transcend time?** p.63 The eternity of Jesus Christ collapses the dimensions of time at Mass.
21. **In what way is Jesus the perfect high priest sacrificing and atoning for sin?** p. 65 Jesus is the exact imprint of God's very being. The juxtaposition of divinity and humanity made Jesus the perfect high priest
22. **How do the baptized participate in the Mass in a priestly way?** p. 67 By their prayers and responses; and uniting their personal sacrifices with the sufferings of Christ
23. **How is the Eucharistic liturgy a sacred meal?** p.68 Because it is a sacrificial offering